## The Botany Bay Scheme CHRONOLOGY

## Events concerning its adoption & execution

1710		First Land Enclosure Acts encourage consolidation of farms
1717		British Act on felonies leads to transportation to American colonies
1733		Flying shuttle invented by John Kay for weaving loom
1754		Carding machine speeds up fibre separation
1760		King George III becomes British monarch
1760		Over 40% of Norfolk lands enclosed & tenant farmers ejected
1760		Very high unemployment of rural workers and farmers
1765		Spinning Jenny revolutionizes thread production
1770		James Cook on the <i>Endeavour</i> explores southern oceans
1774		Steam Engines invented by Matthew Boulton and James Watt
1775		Convict transportation to colonies halted by American Revolution
1776		Hulks Act designates decommissioned ships as floating prisons
1779		Hulks hold 526 of the total of 4379 prisoners in England and Wales
1779		Government Committee created to decide on future transportation
1780		Water Frame invented by William Arkwright
1783		Anti-slave movement formed in England
1783-80	5	Govt Committee investigates Senegal, African Gold Coast & N.S.W.
1783	Aug	James Matra proposes that American Loyalists settle in New Holland
1784	Mar	Matra modifies proposal to include transported convicts
1785	May	Matra and Banks support Botany Bay; committee still prefers Africa
1786		Five hulks in London, Portsmouth and Plymouth hold 1240 prisoners
1786	Mar	Riots break out on hulks; 44 convicts are shot, 8 dead
1786	Aug	Lord Sydney announces convicts will be transported to Botany Bay
1786	Sep	Botany Bay Scheme reported in White Hall Evening Post
1787	Jan 6	Convicts transferred to the transport Alexander in Deptford
	Feb 19	Alexander leaves Downs for Spithead in Portsmouth
	Feb 22	Alexander arrives at the Spithead in Portsmouth
	Mar 11	Convicts transferred to the transport Friendship in Plymouth
	Mar 13	Friendship sails to Spithead in Portsmouth
	May 13	First Fleet (FF) departs Spithead in Portsmouth
	Jun 3-10	FF docked in Santa Cruz harbour, Island of Tenerife
	Aug 6	FF docks in Rio de Janeiro, Brazil
	Sep 4	FF departs Rio de Janeiro for Cape Town
	Oct 13	FF docks in Cape Town harbour

	Oct 27	Most females transferred from Friendship to Prince of Wales
	Nov 10	FF departs Cape Town for Botany Bay
	Nov 25	FF divides into fast and slow divisions, 250 nm from Cape Town
1788	Jan 3	HMS Supply in fast division sights Van Diemen's Land
	Jan 18	HMS Supply anchors in Botany Bay at 2:15 pm.
	Jan 19	Three more ships of the fast division arrive in Botany Bay
	Jan 20	Balance of the FF arrive in Botany Bay
	Jan 22-3	Phillip, Hunter sail to Port Jackson and find settlement site
	Jan 23	French ships La Boussole and L'Astrolabe arrive in Botany Bay
	Jan 25	FF set sail for Port Jackson but only HMS Supply leaves Botany Bay
	Jan 26	HMS Supply anchors in Port Jackson, FF arrives led by John Hunter
	Jan 26	NSW proclaimed British colony; Arthur Phillip 1st Governor
	Feb 6	Female convicts disembark in Sydney Cove, Anthony & Elizabeth meet
	Feb 14	HMS Supply with Lt. King sails to Norfolk Island
	May	Scarborough, Lady Penrhyn and Charlotte depart Port Jackson
	Jul	Prince of Wales, Friendship, Alexander and Borrowdale depart for England
	Oct 2	HMS Sirius sent to Cape Town for provisions
	Nov 2	Phillip and Alt sail up Parramatta River and locate Rose Hill area
	Nov19	Fishburn and Golden Grove depart Port Jackson
1789	May 6	HMS Sirius returns from Cape Town with provisions
		Riots in Paris lead to French Revolution
1790	Mar 6	HMS Sirius and HMS Supply transport convicts & marines to Norfolk Is.
	Mar	HMS Sirius wrecked on Norfolk Island coast
	Apr 17	HMS Supply sails for Batavia for supplies
	Jun 3	Lady Juliana of Second Fleet arrives
	Jun 10	Neptune, the Surprize and the Scarborough of Second Fleet
	Jun	HMS Gordon arrives with rest of NSW Corps, with Lt. John Macarthur
	Aug	Second Fleet ships depart
	Oct	HMS Supply and Waaksamheyd return from Batavia with supplies

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